



INDIAN SCHOOL NIZWA - WORKSHEET

Ch.3. Nationalism in India

Name: _____

Date: _____

Class: X Sec: ____

I	Answer the following questions in a word or a sentence. (1 mark)
1.	What is Satyagraha?
2.	Name the three Satyagraha launched by Gandhi after arriving in India?
3.	Why did Gandhi organize the Champaran Satyagraha?
4.	Why did Gandhi organize Kheda Satyagraha?
5.	When and why was Ahmedabad mill workers Satyagraha organized?
6.	Why was Rowlatt Act passed?
7.	When and where did the Jallianwala Bagh massacre take place?
8.	Who conducted the Jallianwala Bagh massacre?
9.	What was the result of the Jallianwala Bagh massacre ?
10	Why did Gandhi call off the Rowlatt Satyagraha?
11	Who started the Khilafat movement?
12	What was the main aim of the Khilafat movement?
13	When and where was the Khilafat committee meeting held?
14	Why did Gandhi take up the Khilafat issue as a part of the national struggle for freedom?
15	What did Gandhi declare in his book Hind Swaraj?
16	Why were many leaders in the Congress concerned about Gandhi's proposal to start a Non-cooperation movement against the British?
17	Why did the Justice Party not join the non-cooperation movement?
18	What were the effects of the non –cooperation movement on the economic front?
19	Give two reasons for the non-cooperation movement to slow down in the cities?
20	Who led the non cooperation movement in Awadh?
21.	Why were nai –dhobi bandh organize by the panchayat in the Awadh region during NCM?
22	What is meant by begar?
23.	What was the contribution made by Jawaharlal Nehru to the peasant movement in Awadh.
24	Who was Alluri Sitaram Raju?
25	Why was the Simon commission appointed?
26	Who set up Simon commission?
27	Why did the Indians protest against the Simon commission?
28	Who became the President of the Lahore Session of the Congress in 1929?
29.	What did the Congress demand in the Lahore Session of the Congress?
30	Why did they declare in the Lahore session of the Congress?



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31	When did Gandhi send a letter to Lord Irwin?
32	What was the most important demand in Gandhi's letter to Lord Irwin?
33	When did Gandhi start his Salt March?
34	How many volunteers accompanied him?
35	How many miles did they cover for this salt march from Sabarmati Ashram to Dandi?
36	What were the main demands of the Indian industrialists and merchants?
37	Mention the organisations formed by business groups during Civil Disobedience movement. Who were their leaders?
38	Name the leader who demanded separate electorate for the Dalits?
39	What was the decision taken in the Poona Pact of 1932?
40	Who first created the image of Bharat mata and who painted it?
41	Who designed the Swaraj flag and when?
II	Answer in brief. (3 marks)
1.	How was Rowlatt Satyagraha organized?
2.	What was the attitude of the INC to the Awadh peasant movement and the methods used by them?
3.	How was the non cooperation movement organized in the towns?
4.	How did the non cooperation movement unfold?
5.	Why did the tribal peasants of Gudam Hills of Andhra Pradesh join the NCM?
6.	In what ways did Gandhi inspire Alluri Sitaram Raju of Andhra Pradesh?
7.	Who started satyagraha? Explain the concept of satyagraha.
8.	How did Mahatma Gandhi successfully organise Satyagraha movement in various places just after arriving India?
9.	"The First world war created a new economic situation in India" Explain with examples
10.	The effects of non cooperation on the economic front were more dramatic. Analyse the statement.
III	Answer in detail (5 marks)
1.	How did the industrialists contribute towards the Civil Disobedience Movement?
2.	How was the Non cooperation Movement organized by the people in the towns and cities?
3.	How did the Indians develop a sense of collective belongingness .
4.	Distinguish between Non Cooperation and Civil Disobedience Movement.
5.	"British rule in India would have collapsed if Indians had not cooperated".How did this statement help in starting a mass movement in India against the British rule?
6.	"When the Civil Disobedience movement started there was an atmosphere of suspicion and distrust between communities" Why was it so?
7.	Why did Muslim organizations not participate in the Civil Disobedience movement?
8.	Why was there an atmosphere of suspicion and distrust between Hindu and Muslim communities during the Civil Disobedience movement?



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9.	Why did Gandhiji relaunch the Civil Disobedience movement after Round Table Conference?
10	Describe the peasant rebellion against talukdars and landlords in Awadh.
11.	Explain the response of the plantation workers to the Non-Cooperation movement started by Gandhiji.
12.	Describe the development which led to the launching of Non-Cooperation Movement.
13	Describe the incident and impact of the Jallianwala Bagh.
14.	What was Khilafat agitation? Why did Gandhiji gave support to this agitation?
15.	Why did Gandhiji decide to launch a nationwide satyagraha against the proposed Rowlatt Act? How was it organized?
16.	Why did Mahatma Gandhi decide to withdraw the Non Cooperation movement in February 1922. Explain with reasons.
17.	Explain the circumstances in which Non Cooperation movement gradually slowed down in cities.
18.	Explain the response of the plantation workers to the Non Cooperation movement started by Gandhiji.
19.	How did the government suppress the satyagrahis during Rowlatt satyagraha?
20	Describe the limitations of Civil Disobedience movement.
21.	One of the means of creating a feeling of nationalism was through the reinterpretation of history. Explain this statement.
22.	Describe the circumstances leading to the signing of the Poona Pact of september 1932.